# سیستم مدارس ابتدایی در بریتیش کلمبیا







# \*چه تفاوتها و شباهت هایی بین سیستم مدارس ابتدایی بریتیش کلمبیا و سایر کشورها وجود دارد؟





# سيستم تحصيلي

## ساير مدارس نقاط دنيا



## مدارس در بریتیش کلمبیا



# کدام مدرسه بهترین گزینه برای فرزندم میباشد؟

نزدیکترین مدرسه به محل سکونت شما

بچههای آن منطقه با هم به مدرسه میروند





# دانش آموزان معمولاً بر طبق سال تولدشان جایگزینی میشوند برای سال تحصیلی ۲۰۱۶-۲۰۱۶

<u>سال تولد</u>	<u>Placement</u> جايکزينی
2011	Kindergarten
2010	Grade 1
2009	Grade 2
2008	Grade 3
2007	Grade 4
2006	Grade 5
2005	Grade 6

Grade 7

2004

# چه موقع فرزند من میتواند به کلاس بالاتر برود؟

فرزندان با توجه به سنشان به کلاس بالاتر میروند نه بر طبق توانائی شان

دانش آموزانی که برای یادگیری مواد درسی به زمان بیشتری نیاز دارند با دیگر همسالان خود به کلاس بالاتر میروند

آموزگاران طوری تعلیم دیده اند که قادر هستند که به کودک حمایتهای لازم برای آموزش فردی را بدهند

علاوه بر اموزگاران کلاس معلمهای تعلیم دیدهای در مدارس هستند که به دانش آموزان در یادگیری کمک میکنند. در مدارش به آنها resource teachersگفته میشود

# نحوه یادگیری در مدرسه چگونه است؟ شباهتها و تفاوتها؟



\*یادگیری به روشهای مختلف صورت میگیرد:

- \* انجام تکالیف به صورت فردی
- \*کاب گروهی یا دو نفره در کلاس
- \* تکمیل پروژه خارج از مدرسه، تنها یا با گروه
  - \*گردشهای علمی و مطالعه
  - \* مکالمه با دوستان و همکلاسی ها
    - \*کارهای عملی و
    - **\*بازی با گروه و تنها**



# كودكستان

کلاس تمام روز

تمرکز بر اساس یادگیری از طریق بازی تمرکز یادگیری برا روی مهارتهای اجتماعی و بنیادی





# کلاس ۱-۲ (اصلی)

از منابع مختلفی برای موضوعیهای یادگیری استفاده میشود (به جز کتاب درسی )

ساختار زبان به صورت شفاهی و یادگیر لغات (٪۶۰-۳۰)

'homeroom teacher'دانش آموزان فقط با یک آموزگار کار میکنند

مرکز برا روی مهارتهای فردی در این پنج زمینه میباشد:



فکری فیزیکی هنری احساسی عاطفی

# کلاس ۷-۲ -متوسطه

دانشآموزان معمولان بیشتر از یک آموزگار دارند استفاده از کتاب درسی شروع میشود البته اینا بعنوان تنها منبع یادگیری تمرکز بیشتر بر روی مهارتهای خواندن و نوشتن (محاوره) و کار گروهی همچنان از اهمّیت بالایی یادگیری زبان به صورت شفاهی برخوردار میباشد از دانش آموزان انتظار میرود که مسئولیت انجام و تامیل کارهای مربوط به مدرسه را به عهده بگیرند





#### چرا برخی از دانش آموزان در کلاسهایی شرکت میکنند که دو سطح مختلف تحصیلی با هم مخلوط هستند (هم زمان تدریس میشوند)و برخی دیگر در کلاسهای معمول شرکت میکنند؟

بر خلاف سایر نقاط دنیا، در ونکوور محدودیت سایز وجود دارد

وقتی تعداد دانش آموزان برای پر شدن کلاس کافی نباشد دانش آموزان دو سطح مختلف با هم در یک کلاس قرار میگیرند، انجام این کار باعث کاهش هزینه برای آموزش و پرورش میشود(ترکیب دو سطح مختلف در سطح دوره ابتدائی میباشد)

برخی از برنامهها به منظور آموزش سنین مختلف را در یک کلاس قرار میدهند

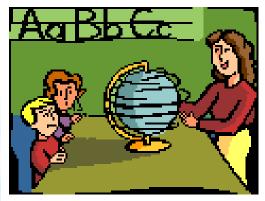
کلاس ها ی ترکیبی شامل دانش آموزان از دو سطح، که یک معلم دارند تشکیل میشود

شرکت در این کلاس ها موجب این نمیشود که دانش آموز از سطح تحصیلی خود عقب بماند، نتیجه کار همان خواهد بود که اگر در کلاس غیر

## توجه داشته باشید

شاگردان در تمامی کلاسها (سطوح مختلف یا کلاسهای ترکیبی و غیر ترکیبی) دارای استعدادها، مهارت ها، و توانائیهایی در سطح مختلف میباشند

مربّیان و آموزگاران این تفاوتها را شناسایی کرده و با هر دانش آموز با توجه به توانائی، استعداد و علائق وی به او آموزش میدهند







## کلاسهای ترکیبی چه مزایأیی دارند؟

دانش آموزان مهارت هایی از قبیل رهبری و آموزش به دیگران را میآموزند و این روش به بالا رفتن اعتماد به نفس آنها کمک شایانی میکند در این کلاسها دوستی با گروه سنی بالاتر رفتار اجتماعی آنها را پرورش میدهد

> مسئولیت و بینش مثبت آنها را تشویق میکند تجارب بسیاری را دانش آموزان تجربه میکنند







# دانش اموزان با نیازهای ویژه (دانش آموزان استثنائی)

آموزش و پرورش ونکوور متعهد است که محیط آموزشی یکسان را برای تمامی دانش آموزان با هر نوع استعدادی را فراهم کند

پرونده دانش آموز استثنائی توسط کارکنان تعلیم دیده آموزش و پرورش ونکوور به دقت بررسی میشود. این حمایتها شامل:

مرنی منابع Resource Teacher

مربی تعلیم دیده

مشاور

بخش تحصیلات ویژه (دانش آموزان استثنائی)

با حضور مشاوره و پدر و مادر یک برنامه ریزی با توجه به نیاز فردی دانش آموز تهیه میشود. این برنامه شامل هدف هایی است که نمایانگر نیاز کودک میباشد. در این برنامه ریزی نه تنها استراتژی و هدفها شناسایی میشود بلکه راه حلهای مناسب و قابل اجرا نیز در اختیار پدر و مادر گذاشته میشود

کارکنان مدارس، پدران و مادران را تشویق میکنند که حضور مستقیم و فعال در این تصمیم گیریها داشته و همگام با آنها در اجرای این اهداف انها را حمایت و یاری کنند

# تکالیف خانه (مشق شب) آیا فرزند من تکلیف خانه (مشق شب) دارد؟ این تکالیف چه میزان میباشد؟

هدف از تکلیف خانه شامل این موارد میباشد: آماده سازی دانش آموزان جهت فراگیری روز بعد تمرین و بالا بردن درک مطالب تدریس شده در کلاس افزایش مهارت در خواندن و نوشتن

افزایش دامنه لغات

تمرین تکالیف و کارهای مدرسه به صورت فردی و گروهی

# تكاليف خانه (مشق شب)

چند نمونه از تکالیف که از دانش آموزان انتظار میرود در خانه انجام دهند: تکمیل کارهای ناتمام در کلاس

خواندن با صدای بلند و آهسته

تماشای برنامههای خاص تلویزیون و استفاده از اینترنت جهت به دست آوردن اطلاعات بیشتر در ارتباط با مطالب تدریس شده در مدرسه تمرین نوشتن

کار کردن با همکلاسی روی پروژه هایی از طرف مربی به آنها داده میشود

جامعه آوری اطلاعات از منابع مختلف از کتابخانه و اینترنت





## تكاليف خانه (مشق شب)

#### Ministry of Education



وزارت آموزش و پرورش در مورد اینکه چه میزان به دانش آموزان تکلیف خانه داده شود محدودیت هایی قائل است این محدودیتها با توجه به سنّ کودکان برنامه ریزی شده است



# آیا فرزند من برای یادگیری انگلیسی کمک دریافت میکند؟

تمامی دانش آموزان با توجه به سنّ خود در کلاس/لول خود ثبت نام میشوند

سیسوند چنانچه در یادگیری زبان انگلیسی نیاز به کمک داشته باشند: گروههای کوچک خارج از کلاس درس برگزار میشود در کلاس کمک اضافه میگیرند

سایر کمک درسی ها علاوه بر تکالیف معمول به آنان ارائه میشود میزان حمایت و کمک، بستگی به هر دانش آموز و استعداد یادگیری

مربی منابع و معلم کلاس با کمک یکدیگر برنامه مناسب با در نظر گرفتن نیاز هر دانش آموز طراحی میکنند



یادگیری مهارتهای ارتباطی به زبان انگلیسی تا دو سال وقت میگیرد یادگیری به صورت آکادمیک و علمی ممکن است سالها وقت میگیرد یادگیری کتابهای درسی ممکن است تا هفت سال زمان ببرد

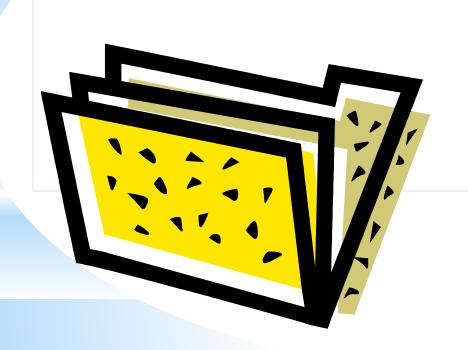




#### 7 Years



# سطح دانش انگلیسی زبان فرزندم چگونه توسط معلمین ارزیابی میشود؟





#### ELL Matrices (Kindergarten – Grade 1) Levels of Progress Toward Language Acquisition

			SIS:(if applicable)	School: Date:
	LEVEL 1 (Emerging / Beginning)	LEVEL 2 (Developing)	LEVEL 3 (Expanding)	LEVEL 4 (Consolidating)
istening	understands little English     understanding requires repetition, visual cues, and processing time     begins to follow other students in class routines     limited listening skills	has difficulty understanding classroom lessons     understands simple words and phrases with repetition, wait times and/or visual cues     follows one direction at a time if given slowly and with gestures/cues     developing listening skills	understands classroom lessons and discussions with support     understands several simple sentences in a conversation with repetition and some wait time     understands simple directions with repetition and visual cues	understands academiclessons     with visual cues and vocabulary     support      understands peers' social     conversation with minimal wait time      follows a series of directions in a     familiar context      is able to listen and add to group     discussions
Speaking	<ol> <li>may be silent</li> <li>begins to follow established daily routine with guidance</li> <li>speaks mostly in home language</li> <li>relies on body language and visual cues to communicate</li> <li>responds to repeated/cued questions with gestures or other body language</li> <li>frequently repeats what others say</li> <li>requires significant wait time to formulate a minimal response</li> <li>may not be able to pronounce many English sounds</li> <li>low voice volume</li> <li>may not enunciate clearly</li> </ol>	responds to routine, common greetings     actively participates in established daily routine     participates in choral speaking     uses a limited vocabulary of functional and concrete words     responds to questions with a few words, after an extended wait time     expresses basic needs     has fragmented speech     pronunciation often interferes with being understood     developing voice volume     enunciation developing	starts to take part in social conversations     begins to participate in structured oral lessons with teacher support, and begins to contribute in discussions     begins to retell stories and recount events, with support     uses a limited vocabulary of functional and commonly used words     asks questions, but has problems with word order     begins to express basic feelings     speaks hesitantly, rephrasing or searching for words     pronunciation sometimes interferes with being understood     speech contains many grammatical errors	engages in social conversation with peers and teachers     participates in class discussion, with teacher guidance     retells stories, recounts events, and composes own stories     begins to use a wider range of vocabulary     begins to ask questions for clarification and understanding     begins to express opinions and ideas     speech hesitations do not interfere with communication     pronunciation rarely interferes with being understood     clear voice volume     clear enunciation
			<ol><li>enunciation expanding</li></ol>	

School Year	CT / RT Initials	<u>Code</u>	<u>Date</u>

	LEVEL 1 (Emerging / Beginning)	LEVEL 2 (Developing)	LEVEL 3 (Expanding)	LEVEL 4 (Consolidating)
Reading	shows awareness of howbooks work: front to back sequence, left to right direction of print     - recognizes some alphabet letters and numbers     - sings/says the alphabet     relates oral language to print (knows that print language represents meaning)     shows awareness of environmental symbols and signs     actively listens to stories read aloud	1. recites familiar pattern books from memory 2 recognizes all alphabet letters - upper case ulower case - (K) recognizes numbers from 1 (Gr 1) recognizes numbers from 1  3 matches initial consonant sounds and letters in familiar words - begins to recognize high frequency words  4. uses picture cues to retell story events 5. participates in choral reading	independently reads and understands very simple pattern books     recognizes some sound/letter relationships     begins to sound out words     recognizes some high frequency words     begins to develop some strategies to assist comprehension     begins to read aloud	reads and understands a variety of easy books at/near grade level     uses phonics to sound out words     - recognizes and sounds out a growing number of words     recognizes many high frequency words     uses some strategies to read independently     reads aloud with near grade level fluency
Writing	attempts to make letters or letter-like forms     copies from a model     relies on drawings or other visuals to convey meaning     demonstrates awareness of left to right convention when copying     has few vocabulary words	begins to write a letter to represent a word based on letter sounds     copies letters, numbers, words or phrases independently     begins to label own drawings     combines drawing and printing to create a story; the drawing conveys most of the meaning     uses limited or repetitious vocabulary     begins to be aware of writing conventions (capitalization, punctuation)     begins to put spaces between words	begins to spell words phonetically using more letters to represent each word     spells some highfrequency words     begins to write simple sentences, may have difficulty with word order, omits words or word endings; run-on sentences are common     combines drawing and printing; both support the meaning     may use some specialized vocabulary     usually uses sequence to organize writing; frequent use of "and", "but", "then"      begins to develop story elements (plot, character, setting)	<ol> <li>uses phonetic spelling</li> <li>spells word families (e.g., cat, hat)</li> <li>begins to use a limited variety of sentences with some errors</li> <li>combines drawing and printing; the printing conveys most of the meaning</li> <li>uses vocabulary that is appropriate to purpose but is sometimes awkward (meaning, style)</li> <li>ideas are related, logically connected and sequenced; is generally able to present a main idea with supporting detail</li> <li>able to complete writing frames (e.g., letter, story, journal)</li> <li>demonstrates some editing and proofreading skills (writing checklist)</li> <li>makes fewer mechanical errors; the errors seldom detract from meaning</li> </ol>
	<u>S</u>	School Year CT / RT Initials	Code Date	

#### ELL Matrices (Grades 2 - 7)

Name:		_ School:	
SIS:		Date:	
	(if applicable)		_

	LEVEL 1 (Emerging / Beginning)	LEVEL 2 (Developing)	LEVEL 3 (Expanding)	LEVEL 4 (Consolidating)
Listening	understands little English     understanding requires repetition, visual cues, and processing time     begins to follow other students in class routines     comprehends parts of lessons that include extensive visual and oral support     limited listening skills	understands simple sentences in a conversation, but requires repetition     requires less wait time and repetition before responding     follows simple directions with prompts and repetition     understands short or allessons that include visual support     developing listening skills	understands more complex sentences with repetition and rephrasing     takes little wait time to respond     follows a series of directions with prompts     understands grade level lessons with support     expanding listening skills	understands more complex sentences, with minimal support     rarely takes wait time to respond     successfully follows directions at grade level, most of the time     understands content of grade level academic lessons with minimal teacher guidance     is able to listen and add to group discussions
Speaking	begins to name concrete and functional objects     expresses basic needs     begins to respond to questions with yes/no, or with one or two words     speaks little or no English     pronunciation interferes with being understood     low voice volume     may not enunciate clearly	vocabulary offunctional words is growing     begins to take part in social conversations and some class lessons     asks and answers simple questions     speaks hesitantly, rephrasing and searching for words     pronunciation can interfere with being understood     compensates for limited vocabulary by using known vocabulary and/or awkward wording     grammar errors frequently interfere with communication     developing voice volume     enunciation developing	uses growing vocabulary with some errors in usage     participates hesitantly in classroom discussions, with teacher guidance     is usually able to ask questions for clarification     speaks with some hesitations     pronunciation sometimes interferes with meaning     sometimes uses awkward wording     grammar errors sometimes interfere with communication     expanding voice volume     enunciation expanding	uses social and content specific vocabulary, with support, at grade level     participates hesitantly in social conversations and small group discussions     is able to ask questions for clarification     rarely hesitates when speaking     occasionally makes pronunciation errors, but they do not interfere with meaning     rarely uses awkward wording     grammar errors do not interfere with communication     clear voice volume     clear enunciation

School Year	CT / RT Initials	<u>Code</u>	<u>Date</u>
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	LEVEL 1 (Emerging / Beginning)	LEVEL 2 (Developing)	LEVEL 3 (Expanding)	LEVEL 4 (Consolidating)
Reading	recognizes letters and numbers     begins to use phonics to sound out simple words     begins to recognize a few high-frequency sight words     attempts to read by using pictures to support meaning     participates in choral reading but has little understanding	oral reading demonstrates use of some decoding skills     has a growing vocabulary of sight words     is beginning to use reading strategies to assist comprehension     reads familiar and patterned material	uses decoding skills and a variety of reading strategies, with teacher guidance     has acquired <u>basic</u> sight vocabulary for grade level     reads and understands easy fiction     reads and understands simple contentarea material	with assistance, uses varied reading strategies to aid understanding     has acquired most gradelevel sight vocabulary     reads and understands most fiction at/near gradelevel, with support     reads and understands non-fiction near grade level, with support     requires support to read, interpret and evaluate a variety of reading material     is increasingly able to find details in texts at/near grade level
Writing	relies on drawings and labels to convey meaning     — can copy alphabet letters or words     - can copy pattern sentences     begins to use invented spelling based on letter sounds     uses repetitious and limited vocabulary     produces limited output     intended meaning of unsupported writing is often unclear	writes simple sentences with limited variation in verb tense     uses conventional spelling for commonly used words     compensates for limited vocabulary by using circumlocutions     writing exercises require extratime     begins to apply rules of writing and grammar, with many errors     writing contains sentence fragments, run-ons     begins to organize and sequence ideas, with teacher guidance	begins to use a variety of sentence structures appropriate for gradelevel, with some errors     is learning to use rules of spelling     uses more varied vocabulary     often needs extra time to write tests and assignments     – applies rules of writing and grammar taught in class, with fewer errors - sometimes uses awkward wording     can organize and develop ideas with teacher guidance	uses a variety of sentence structures, with some errors     has learned most of the rules of spelling at/near grade level     vocabulary is at/near grade level expectation     rarely needs extended time for written assignments     – applies rules of writingand grammar; errors do not detract from meaning     - seldom uses awkward wording     begins to write more clearly with some organization

<u>School Year</u>	CT / RT Initials	<u>Code</u>	<u>Date</u>

### چگونه معلمین تصمیم میگیرند که فرزند من پیشرفت میکند؟ آبا فینند میننده ده کید؟



# آیا فرزند من نمره میگیرد؟ تعیین نمره به چه صورت میباشد؟

دانش آموزان دوره ابتدأیی سه بار در طول سال تحصیلی گزارشی در مورد پیشرفت درسی دریافت میکنند

> در سطح ابتدأیی همه دانش آموزان نمره درسی نمیگیرند به دانش آموزان از کودکستان تا کلاس سوم نمره تعلق نمیگیرد

نمره به دانش آموزان کلاس ۴ تا ۷ داده میشود

به برخی از این دانش آموزان نمره داده نمیشود:

دانش آموزانی که انگلیسی آنها ضعیف است

دانش آموزانی که ناتوانأی در یادگیر دارند



learning needs

#### نمره بر اساس کارهای متفاویی است که هعر دانش آموز انجام میدهد:



- تکمیل و انجام تکالیف و وظایفی که به او در کلاس داده

- امتحان کلاسی

informal quizzes



- امتحان آخر ترم
- كار كلاسى دانش آموز
  - پروژه
  - تكليف خانه
  - کار گروهی

#### REPORT INSERT – ELL (Grades 2-7): Levels of Progress Toward English Language Acquisition (English Version)

Students Name :		School Yea	ar:	Support ELL Reception	<u>Times per Week</u> on
ELL Resource Teach	ner :	Grade: Division : 1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup> Report	ELC (Centre) In-Class	
Emerging / Beginni Developing: Expanding: Consolidating:	Student can communicate ide Student is approaching grade-	glish (receives extensive help) nunicate in simple English with frequen eas in English with errors in grammar ( -level proficiency in English (receives s	receives some help)	receives a lot	of help)
	LEVEL 1 (Emerging / Beginning)	LEVEL 2 (Developing)	LEVEL 3 (Expand		LEVEL 4 (Consolidating)
* Students for whom none of the descriptors apply are at pre-emergent level. This progress report is not applicable  pre-emergent	<ol> <li>understands little English</li> <li>understanding requires repetition, visual cues, and extensive processing time</li> <li>begins to follow other students in class routines</li> <li>comprehends parts of lessons</li> </ol>	a conversation, but requires repetition  2. requires less wait time and repetition before responding  3. follows simple directions with prompts and repetition	<ol> <li>understands more c sentences with reperephrasing</li> <li>takes little wait time respond</li> <li>follows a series of diwith prompts</li> <li>understands grade lessons with support</li> </ol>	etition and 2. eto 3. irections 4. evel	sentences, with minimal support  rarely takes wait time to respond  successfully follows directions at grade level, most of the time
□ pre-emergent	<ol> <li>begins to name concrete and functional objects</li> <li>expresses basic needs</li> <li>begins to respond to questions with yes/no, or with one or two words</li> <li>speaks little or no English</li> <li>pronunciation interferes with being understood</li> </ol>	is growing  2. begins to take part in social conversations and some class lessons  3. asks and answers simple questions  4. speaks hesitantly, rephrasing and searching for words  5. pronunciation can interfere with being understood  6. compensates for limited	<ol> <li>uses growing vocable some errors in usage</li> <li>participates hesitant classroom discussion teacher guidance</li> <li>is usually able to ask for clarification</li> <li>speaks with some he pronunciation some interferes with meal</li> <li>sometimes uses awk wording</li> <li>grammar errors some interfere with comm</li> </ol>	e tly in ns, with 2. questions 3. esitations of times ning 5. ward 6.	vocabulary, with support, at grade level  participates hesitantly in social conversations and small group discussions  is able to ask questions for clarification  rarely hesitates when speaking occasionally makes pronunciation errors, but they do not interfere with meaning  rarely uses awkward wording  grammar errors do not interfere
		7. grammar errors frequently interfere with communication			with communication

	LEVEL 1 (Emerging / Beginning)	LEVEL 2 (Developing)	LEVEL 3 (Expanding)	LEVEL 4 (Consolidating)
Reading	1. recognizes letters and numbers	1	1	1
	<ol> <li>begins to use phonics to sound out simple words</li> <li>begins to recognize a few high-</li> </ol>	Oral reading demonstrates use of some decoding skills     has a growing vocabulary of	uses decoding skills and a variety of reading strategies, with teacher guidance	With assistance, uses varied reading strategies to aid understanding
	frequency sight words 4. attempts to read by using	sights words  4. is beginning to use reading	has acquired <u>basic</u> sight vocabulary for grade level	3. has acquired most grade level sight vocabulary
	pictures to support meaning  5. participates in choral reading but has little understanding	strategies to assist comprehension	fiction	reads and understands most fiction at/near grade level, with support
		5. reads familiar and patterned material	reads and understands simple content-area material	5. reads and understand non-fiction near grade level, with support
☐ pre-emergent				6. requires support to read, interpret and evaluate a variety of reading materials
				7. is increasingly able to find details in texts at/near grade level
Writing	1. relies on drawings and labels to	1	1	1
	convey meaning     - can copy alphabet letters or words	Writes simple sentences with limited variation in verb tense	sentence structures	Uses a variety of sentence structures, with some errors
	- can copy pattern sentences	Uses conventional spelling for commonly used words	appropriate for grade level, with some errors	3. Has learned most of the rules of
	Begins to use invented spelling based on letter sounds	Compensates for limited     vocabulary	Is learning to use rules of spelling	spelling at/near grade level 4. Vocabulary is at/near grade level
	Uses repetitious and limited vocabulary	Writing exercises require extra     time	Uses more varied vocabulary     Often needs extra time to	expectation  5. Rarely needs extended time for
	5. Produces limited output	6. – begins to apply rules of writing	write tests and assignments	written assignments
	Intended meaning of     unsupported writing is often	and grammar, with many errors	6. –applies rules of writing and grammar taught in class, when	6. Applies rules of writing and grammar
☐ pre-emergent	unclear	<ul><li>-writing contains sentence fragments, run-ons</li></ul>		Begins to write more clearly with some organization
		7. Begins to organize and sequence ideas, with teacher guidance	wording	some organization
			7. can organize and develop ideas with teacher guidance	

Signature: _		
	ELL Resource Teacher / Administrator	

#### Areas requiring further attention/development:

✓ spelling and punctuation

g ' participation in class

✓ rules of grammar

following written instructions

sentence structure and word order

proofreading work

writing complete sentences

Strategies to improve English, support integration, and build confidence:

WHAT	HOW	
reading fluency	<ul> <li>read magazines, books, and other types of printed text</li> </ul>	
oral reading	- read aloud, retell stories, choral read	
oral English	<ul> <li>join school clubs, team sports, community centre activities, speak English to friends</li> </ul>	
study skills	<ul> <li>set up a consistent time and quiet place to complete homework and to study</li> </ul>	

Additional comments:	
	(81

#### Note:

- The fastest gains are often between Level 1 and Level 2.
- Some children return to a previous level of ELL for a period of time because the expectations at the next grade level may be more demanding
- It is very common to remain at Levels 3 and 4 for more than one year

#### Recommendations:

- Continued ELL support is needed
- No further ELL support is needed at this time printed using SilhouetteELAR Version 2.0.5 - 13 Jan 2012



School District No. 39 Vancouver Board of Education

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER REPORT

#### Vancouver Elementary School

Term 2

BCeSIS#

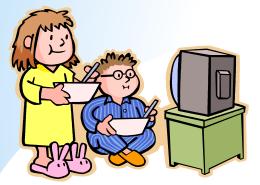
School Year:	
Student:	
Grade	Division
Classroom teacher:	
ELL Resource Teacher	r:
ELL Teacher's signature	

Administrator's signature

This English Language Assessment Report (ELAR) accompanies the classroom teacher report. English Language Assessment Rubric/Report (ELAR) - Term 2: Sample 2-7 Support:

English Level		LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	LEVEL 4
Achieved	Emerging	Beginning	Developing	Expanding	Consolidating
ORAL LANGUAGE	☐ understands very little English ☐ follows other students in class routines	☐ understands simple words, phrases, sentences and instructions ☐ understands parts of simple oral lessons with support ☐ communicates basic needs	☐ understands simple sentences in a conversation with repetition ☐ understands simple short oral lessons ☐ follows one direction at a time if given clearly	☐ understands more complex sentences in a conversation with some repetition ☐ understands most content and academic language with support ☐ follows a series of directions with prompts	communicates effectively in social and classroom settings     understands grade level academic content with minimal support     successfully follows directions at grade level
Level -	☐ speaks almost no English ☐ relies on body language and visual cues to communicate	□ participates in choral speaking     □ responds with yes/no or single     word utterances     □ speaks with hesitation     □ can name concrete objects     □ developing a vocabualry of     functional words     □ pronunciation can interfere with     being understood	□ asks and responds to simple questions     □ speaks using short phrases     □ speaks with some hesitation, rephrasing, searching for words     □ uses simple grammar     □ uses limited vocabulary, awkward wording     □ pronunciation sometimes interferes with being understood	<ul> <li>is usually able to ask questions for clarification, with some hesitations</li> <li>retells stories and recounts events with some support</li> <li>participates hesitantly in class discussions with support</li> <li>applies rules of grammar most of the time</li> <li>uses adequate vocabulary</li> <li>pronounces most English words clearly</li> </ul>	☐ is able to ask and answer questions for clarification ☐ makes longer content-based presentations ☐ is able to listen to and add to group discussions ☐ uses a variety of grammatical structures ☐ uses varied vocabulary appropriate for a given context ☐ speaks with near native fluency
READING Level -	□ recognizes letters and numbers □ shows an awareness of how books and print work □ participates in choral reading but has little understanding □ attempts to read by using pictures to support meaning	identifies most letters and matches print with corresponding oral sounds     uses phonics to sound out simple words     recognizes a few high-frequency sight words     uses picture clues to predict story events	<ul> <li>□ oral reading demonstrates use of some decoding skills</li> <li>□ has a growing vocabulary of sight words</li> <li>□ reads a variety of familiar and patterned material</li> <li>□ uses reading strategies to assist comprehension</li> </ul>	☐ reads and understands fully a variety of 'easy' texts ☐ has acquired basic sight vocabulary near grade level ☐ identifies main ideas and keypoints of text near grade level ☐ predicts, evaluates and interprets reading materials with support	<ul> <li>□ reads and comprehends a variety of texts at/near grade level independently</li> <li>□ has acquired grade level sight vocabulary</li> <li>□ reads and draws inferences from text independently</li> <li>□ predicts, evaluates, and interprets a variety of reading materials with little support</li> </ul>
WRITING Level -	□ copies letters, numbers, and patterned sentences from a model     □ prints own name     □ uses drawing to convey meaning	uses invented spelling based on letter sounds     combines drawing and printing to create meaning     writes mostly phrases (fragments), with support     requires more time to produce written work     has a limited vocabulary     intended meaning of unsupported writing is often unclear	writes simple sentences with limited variation in verb tense     uses conventional spelling for commonly used words     continues to make errors in verb tenses/word choice     applies rules of writing and grammar with many errors     uses repetitive vocabulary     organizes and sequences ideas with teacher guidance	□ creates a variety of sentence structures     □ spells high frequency words accurately     □ often needs extra time to write tests and assignments     □ applies the rules of writing and grammar with few errors     □ uses varied vocabulary appropriately     □ writes a cohesive paragraph independently	□ uses a variety of sentence structures appropriate for grade level     □ has learned the rules of spelling at grade level     □ develops ideas with appropriate transitions     □ uses appropriate writing conventions     □ uses varied and complex vocabulary that is appropriate for the purpose     □ writes multiple organized paragraphs with little support

## من چه کمک و حمایتی میتوانم انجام دهم که فرزندم در مدرسه و درس موفق باشد؟









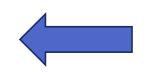




## به استفاده از زبان مادری در خانه ادامه \* دهید

ما شما و خانوادهها را تشویق میکنیم که به استفاده از زبان مادری ادامه دهید اگر دانش آموزان در خواندن و نوشتن زبان مادری تسلط داشته باشند، این مهارتها را در خواندن و نوشتن زبان انگلیسی منتقل میکنند







در مدرسه انگلیسی بیاموزید

در خانه به زبان مادری بخوانید

# در امور تحصیلی فرزندانتان در مدرسه شرکت کنید



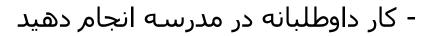




فرزندانتان را تشوق به فعالیتهای بعد از مدرسه



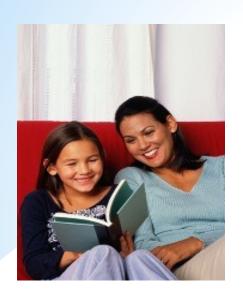
- در مقاتهای که معلمین جهت گزارش درسی دانش آموزان تشکیل میدهند شرکت کنید مدرسه و کلاس درس را بازدید کنید



- بخوانید/ از فرزندانتان بخواهید که فرم ، بروشور، خبرهای مربوط به -مدرسه... را برایتان بخونند

- به آنچه که فرزندانتان در مدرسه یاد میگیرند علاقه نشان دهید





- از فرزندتان در مورد تکالیف و درس هایی که باید در خانه انجام دهند سوال کنید

- از آنها بخواهید کتابی که خوانده اند را برای شما به تور خلاصه توضیح دهند



- این کار را به زبان مادری انجام دهید



به کودکانتان به همکلاسیهای خود تماس تلفنی داشته -در مورد تکالیف مدرسه با هم گفتگو کنند

- گاهی تکالیف مدرسه بصورت پروژه گروهی انجام میشود





- دوستان انگلیسی زبان آنها را به منزل دعوت کنید تا با هم تکلیف انجام دهند یا بازی کنند

# کودکانتان را حمایت کنید





به بازدید کتابخانه بروید - کتابهای انگلیسی و دو زبانه از کتابخانه به امانت بگیرید

<mark>در بر</mark>نامه هایی که کتابخانهها برای خوانودهها <u>دارند شرکت</u> کنی<mark>د</mark>



- کتاب هایی که آن لاین هستند بخوانید



## **TumbleBook Library**



# TumbleBook Library Vancouver Public Library

http://www.vpl.ca/electronic\_databases/alpha/t



#### **TumbleBook Library**

Paid for by VPL

For younger kids

An online collection of talking picture books for children to use by themselves or with an adult. Makes reading a multi-sensory experience with text, animation, music and narration. Also includes books and games in French and Spanish.

Access Now [opens in new window]



#### TumbleBookCloud 5 4 1

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For kids and teens - grades 7 and up

Online collection of YA/Teen novels, classics, poetry, short stories, audiobooks, popular graphic novels, and National Geographic videos. Over 600 titles are available with unlimited access, all the time, on your computer or mobile device with an internet.

Access Now [opens in new window]



#### TumbleBookCloud Junior

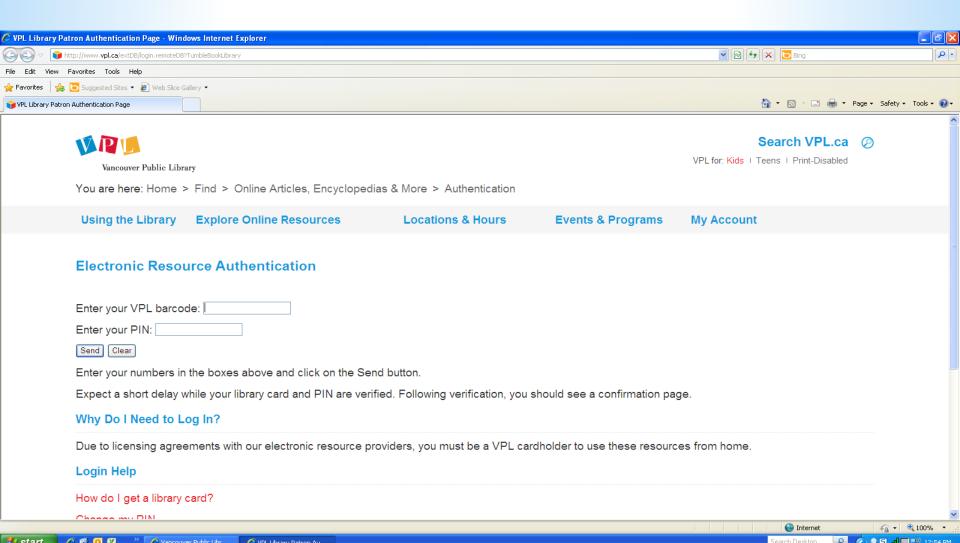
Paid for by VPL

For kids in grades 3-8

Online collection of eBooks and read-alongs, early reader chapter books, children's classics, graphic novels, children's audio books and National Geographic videos. All 600 titles are available with unlimited access, all the time, on your computer or mobile device with an internet, connection.

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## http://www.vpl.ca/extDB/login.remoteDB? TumbleBookLibrary



#### **TUMBLESEARCH**

0

Keyword

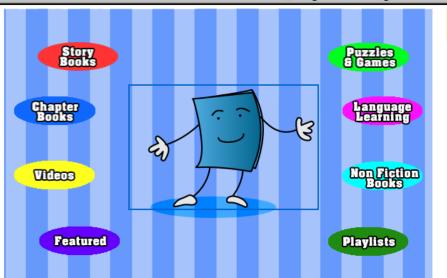




CHOOSE: English

**▼** GO

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### TUMBLENEWS



adventure to the capital of the United States -Washington, DC. Points of interest are

described through cheery postcards to friends and family.

Historical monuments, famous sights and fascinating facts about destinations are included to learn more about the location.

### Tumblebooks is also available on Telus tv channel 88

### TumbleBooks TV

Watch, learn and enjoy interactive storytelling with this child-friendly, easy to use video playback of books. Choose from a huge selection of popular kid's books.



- Browse book titles featured in our library sorted by theme and alphabetically
- Read a brief description of a book before selecting it, including book title, target age-level, author and playback duration
- Start video playback of your selection, controlling it with play/pause as you view the book
- You can find TumbleBooks TV on channel 88 or within the TV apps menu.
   Learn more >

## کتابهای را انتخاب کنید که مناسب باشند-- قانون پنج انگشت را به خاطر بسیارید-

## Finding Right Fit Books

A "right fit" book is a book that your child can enjoy reading on their own. Reading just right books helps your child develop as a reader. To find a book that is just the right fit for your child, try using the five finger test.

Here's how it works: Turn to a page in the middle of the book. As your child reads, hold up a finger for every word he/she doesn't know. Use the following guidelines:



# کودکان خود را تشویق کنید هر روز مطلبی را بخوانند



- با هم کتاب بخوانید

(این شامل کتاب به زبان مادری هم میشود)

- مطالب متفاوت بخوانيد

(کتاب، مجله، روزنامه، داستانهای عکس دار)

سر وقت مشخص و یک جای ساکت دائمی برای خواندن داشته باشید

(هیچ چیز باعث حواس پرتی شما نشود نه موزیک، نه تلویزیون)





# در خانه

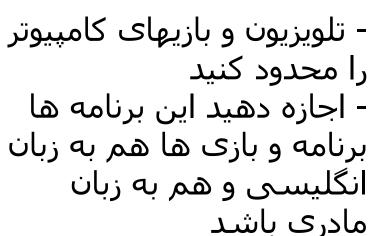
-در خانه یک جای آرام و بی سر و صدا برای فرزندتان در نظر بگیرد تا تکالیف خود را انجام دهد

- یک زمان مشخص تعیین کنید "وقت انجام تکلیف"
- وقت خواب مشخصی را در نظر بگیرید و به آن عمل کنید<mark>\*</mark>



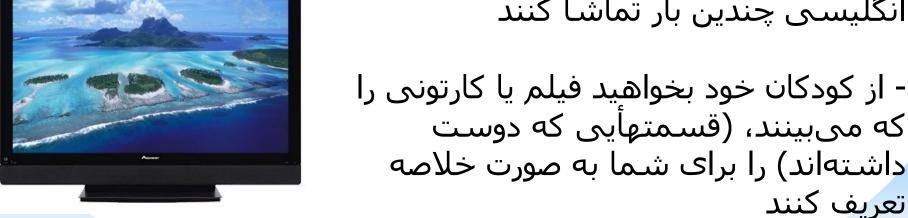


## تلویزیون و کامییوتر





به کودکان یک شو تلویزیونی را به زبان انگلیسی چندین بار تماشا کنند





از قرار دادن کامپیوتر و تلویزیون در اتاق دانش آموز جداً خودداری کنید

## **In the Community**



- ✓ join activities at the Community Centre that involve English (listening & speaking) (cooking, skating, summer camps, crafts etc..)
- ✓ join group activities (Scouts, Girl Guides, summer camps, soccer, softball ...)







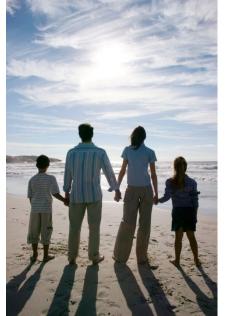
# Interact with your Children













با فرزندان خود در بازیها و دیدن از مراکز دیدنی شرکت کنید (بازی هایی از قبیل شطرنج، ورق بازی، بسکتبال، شنا، تماشای ویدئو، بازی های کامپیوتر، و غیره...)

همراه با فرزندان خود از محل هایی که میتوان در آنها انگلیسی خواند و یا گوش کرد دیدن فرمایید

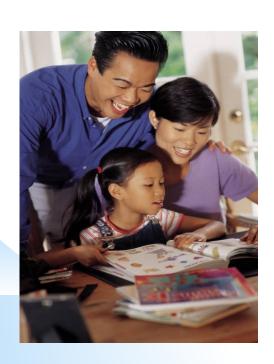
(Science World, Aquarium, Space Museum, Community family festivals/programs, Art Gallery etc...)



با هم یاد بگیرید

با هم کتاب بخوانید، از فرزندانتان بخواهید برای شما کتاب انگلیسی بخوانند

انگلیسی صحبت کردن را با هم تمرین کنید





# مشوق فرزندان خود باشيد















# از کودکان خود تعریف کنید

با تعریف واقعی از فرزندان به آنها کمک کنید که احساس خوبی از یادگیری داشته باشند

موفقیتهای آنها را (هر چند اندک باشد) جشن بگیرید

از تلاش آنها قدردانی کنید





## مشوق و علاقه مند باشید

به فرزندان خود نشان دهید که یادگیری مهیج است سرگرم کننده

به آنها برای خوب درس خواندن در مدرسه انگیزه بدهید

همواره این پیغام را به آنها منتقل کنید که انجام تکلیف مدرسه یک کار خسته کننده نیست



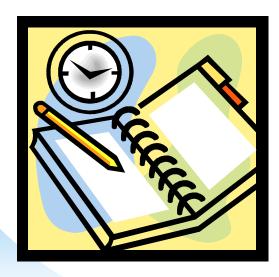
# الگو باشید

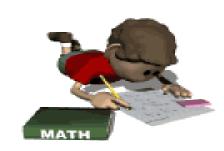


مطالب مختلف بخوانيد كتاب، روزنامه، مجله انگلیسی بیاموزید کلاس انگلیسی بردارید با هم انگلیسی صحبت کنید برای خود یک سرگرمی و تفریح پیدا کنید سرگرمی خود را با فرزند خود سهیم شوید آنها را تشویق کنید که یک سرگرمی برای خود داشته

# صبور باشید

به خاطر داشته باشید که یادگیری یک زبان جدید زمان میبرد







## به یاد داشته باشید

یادگیری مهارتهای ارتباطی به زبان انگلیسی تا دو سال وقت میگیرد

یادگیری به صورت آکادمیک و علمی ممکن است سالها وقت میگیرد

یادگیری کتابهای درسی ممکن است تا هفت سال زمان ببرد



### **7 YEARS**







### **Online Resources:**

### Tumblebooks: Telus TV channel 88

http://www.vpl.ca/electronic\_databases/cat/C88

You will need a Vancouver Public Library card to sign in.



#### **TumbleBook Library**

Paid for by VPL

For younger kids

An online collection of talking picture books for children to use by themselves or with an adult. Makes reading a multi-sensory experience with text, animation, music and narration. Also includes books and games in French and Spanish.

Access Now [opens in new window]



#### **TumbleBookCloud**

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For kids and teens - grades 7 and up

Online collection of YA/Teen novels, classics, poetry, short stories, audiobooks, popular graphic novels, and National Geographic videos. Over 600 titles are available with unlimited access, all the time, on your computer or mobile device with an internet.

Access Now [opens in new window]



#### TumbleBookCloud Junior

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For kids in grades 3-8

Online collection of eBooks and read-alongs, early reader chapter books, children's classics, graphic novels, children's audio books and National Geographic videos. All 600 titles are available with unlimited access, all the time, on your computer or mobile device with an internet, connection.

Access Now [opens in new window]



#### VPL to Go

Paid for by VPL

A great selection of popular fiction and non-fiction ebooks (EPUB & PDF) and audiobooks (MP3 & WMA) are available through VPL to Go. Titles can be downloaded to your computer and transferred to a portable device. Check your ereader or player for compatibility.

### Starfall

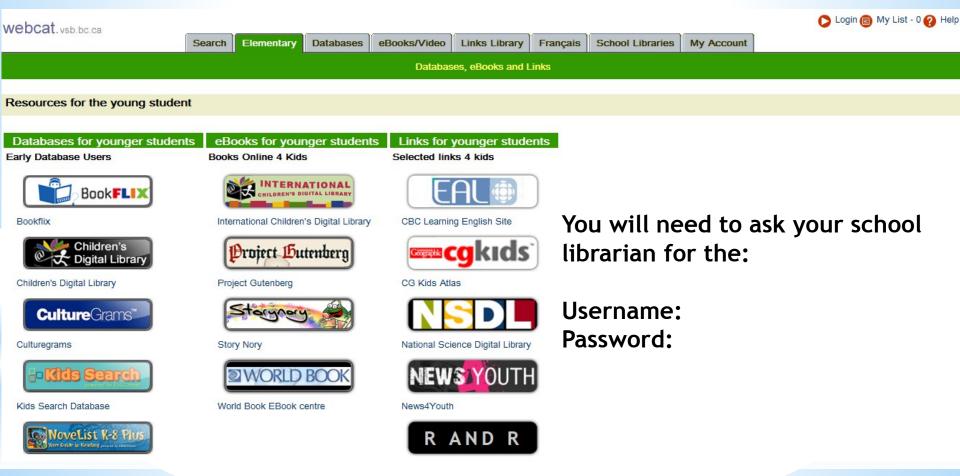
## http://www.starfall.com/



In May of 2009, we released the <u>Starfall Kindergarten Reading and Language Arts Curriculum</u> and in June 2013 the <u>Starfall Pre-K Curriculum</u>. Our method of instruction motivates children in an atmosphere of imagination and enthusiasm, provides opportunities for child-directed instruction, and

### Vancouver School Board: Webcat Library Catalogue

http://webcat.vsb.bc.ca



## Learn English Kids

LearnEnglish Kids has lots of free online games,

songs, stories and activities for children to have

fun and learn English too.

http://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/en/



Find out how you can use LearnEnglish

Kids in the classroom.

## **Vocabulary Games**

## http://www.vocabulary.co.il/

